About the Faculty of Dar El-uloom, Cairo University

The Faculty of Dar El-uloom dates back to 1872. It developed to become one of the high schools and remained so until it was annexed to Cairo University in 1946. The word (sciences) included in the name of the faculty refers to Arabic and Islamic sciences. Dar El-uloom is a faculty from which specialists in Arabic language, Arabic literature, and Islamic studies have been graduated. Graduates of the Faculty of Dar El-uloom can work at the field of teaching Arabic language and Islamic sciences to different educational stages. They can work in other areas such as press, radio and television.

Features of the history of the faculty's progress can be summed as follows:
- The year 1872 is the beginning of the Faculty of Dar El-uloom in the form of regular school. Its students were thirty two.
- In 1875, the first academic curriculum was printed including the Quran interpretation, jurisprudence sciences, humanities, history, geography, mathematics, engineering, chemistry, physics and handwriting.
- In 1885, the school of Alsun was annexed to the Faculty of Dar El-uloom.
- In 1895, the number of students increased to become one hundred due to urgent need.
- In 1952, female students were admitted to the faculty.
- In 1980 the Faculty of Dar El-uloom was annexed to the campus of Cairo University.
- In 1993, the number of the faculty students became nearly ten thousand students.
- In the academic year 2007 - 2008 the Open University system was implemented to the faculty.
The Address of the Faculty of Dar El-uloom-Cairo University

Inside the campus of Cairo University- in front of the new Central Library

The postal address of the faculty:

Bin El-sarayat (formerly Ahmed Zuwail Tharwat Street)

Cairo University, the Faculty of Dar El-uloom
Goals of Faculty of Law, Cairo University
1. Teaching of Arabic Language and Literature and Islamic sciences.
2. Scientific research in the Arabic language and literature and Islamic sciences
3. Proofreading.
4. NLP computer companies.
5. Rhetoric and the media.
6. Achievement of Arab and Islamic heritage and its publication.
History of Faculty of Law, Cairo University

Faculty of Dar Al Uloom had previously been called the Darul Uloom and dates back to 1872, has evolved House of Science to become one of the high school and remained so that included the University of Cairo in 1946, and renamed the Faculty of Dar Al Uloom retain the name of the historic Aziz. The word science comprising the name of the college dealing with Islamic and Arabic Sciences, Dar es Sciences graduate school specializing in Arabic language and Arabic literature and Islamic studies, can graduate in the Faculty of Science to work in the field of teaching Arabic language and Islamic sciences in various stages of education, can also work in other areas such as press and radio and television, cultural and other.

- You can outline the milestones in the history of Darul Uloom as follows:
  • 1872 start of Darul Uloom in the form of regular school students, the number of Thirty-two.
  • 1875 printed the first curriculum includes the interpretation and jurisprudence sciences, humanities, history, geography, mathematics, engineering, chemistry and nature, and the line.
  • 1885 included the School of Languages to Darul Uloom.
  • in 1895 the number of students was increased to one hundred students due to the severity of need.
  • 1919 was to create a partition Ttaghizi particular school qualifies students for admission to the House of Science alone.
  • 1944 was the introduction of science education in the curriculum of study in third year.
  • in 1946 a law was passed to include House of Science, Fouad I University, and converted into a university college.
  • 1952 and accept students in the college, has attended at the beginning and alone for a time in (the French Scientific Institute adjacent to the College, then moved to college after that).
  • 1980 moved to the Faculty of Science campus of Cairo University in the current premises at the university.
  • 1993 The number of students from the Faculty of Dar Al Uloom, nearly ten thousand students.
  • In the academic year 2006 - 2007 College accepted the first batch of students join the router.
  • In the academic year 2007 - 2008 the introduction of the open organization of the education system altogether.
Administrative Structure of Faculty of Dar El Uloom-Caro University

- Prof. Dr. Mohamed Saleh Tawfik: Faculty Dean
- Prof. Dr. Alaa Mohamed Raa'fat: Vice Dean for Students Affairs
- Prof. Dr. Yousry Ahmed Zidan: Vice Dean for Graduate Studies
- Prof. Dr. Ibrahim Abdul Rehim: Vice Dean for Community Development and Environment Service
Mission of Faculty of Dar El-ulum, Cairo University

The faculty of Dar El-ulum prepares graduates who are specialized in Arabic language, Arabic literature and Islamic sciences. It also equips students to be proud of their Arabic heritage and to be familiar with contemporary Arabian, Islamic Studies. The faculty also enables students to communicate in contemporary, standardized Arabic including reading, writing and speaking. It, besides, enables students to compete at local, African, and international levels. Finally, it gives them the knowledge that qualifies them for working.
Vision of Faculty Dar El-uloom, Cairo University

We seek to convert the Faculty of Dar El-uloom at Cairo University into an edifice through which Arabic language and Islamic sciences can be spread and the Arabic Islamic heritage can be preserved through a scientific system. We hope the faculty could keep up with global progress and provide circumstances that help the Arabic Islamic culture to communicate and converse with the other in a moderate framework.
Word of Faculty of Dar El-Ulum, Cairo University

It is Faculty of Dar El-Ulum that initiated its generous life before the beginning of the last quarter of the nineteenth century. It has been, since its establishment, one of the pillars of the Egyptian Scientific Institution at Modern Age. It has been the first institution subordinated to the Modern Scientific Institutions that has formed the solid base on which the Egyptian University, first of modern universities at the whole Arab World, has been established.